

HIPAA RELEASE CHECKLIST

Summary: In order to have your medical information released or to provide someone access to it, you need to formally authorize the physician, hospital or other medical provider. This checklist will help you properly complete such an authorization.

A medical provider (“covered entity”) cannot disclose your Protected Health Information (PHI) without your authorization to do so. Exceptions are provided that permit disclosure for treatment, payment, and health care operations. You, as the patient, have the right to authorize the release of your PHI. Someone who qualifies as your HIPAA personal representative can also authorize the release of your PHI. There are a number of specifics requirements to address to make such an authorization valid. [45 CFR 164.508](#).

Writing: The authorization should be in writing. The authorization should acknowledge that you are making it voluntarily and that your treatment, payment, and health plan eligibility should not be affected whether or not you authorize the release of information.

What: It should describe the health information to be disclosed. This could be your entire medical record, or only specified components. You might specify that only your medical records between certain dates be released. If you wish alcohol and drug treatment, HIV testing, and mental health information to be released (or not), then expressly state so. The HIPAA paradigm is that only as much info as necessary should be disclosed. However, it would unreasonable to expect a medical provider to make this type of determination, so the authorization you sign should be explicit.

Who: Which medical provider should make the disclosure? This could be a specific physician, hospital or a list of providers. A broader approach could be used to indicate a category of providers. For example, “any physicians, hospitals or other medical providers who have provided treatment, other medical services or payment for name, from June 1, 2004 through and including the date of this Authorization”.

Term: When does the authorization to disclose PHI expire? This could be: “upon a child attaining age 21”, which might suffice for a minor’s care. It could be “2 years from the signing of the authorization”, which should be more than adequate for a life insurance application. “Upon the conclusion of my court case” may suffice for a litigation matter, although issues of appeals, etc. might warrant consideration in setting the parameters. Another possibility is “one year from death”. This might be used in a health care proxy to assure the agent access to your records while alive, and possibly to evaluate post-death records without the need to qualify as the executor of your estate. If feasible for a trustee it might be “so long as serving as trustee of the [identify trust]”.

Revocation: A statement that you retain the right to revoke any authorization to disclose your PHI. Any revocation, however, is not binding on a medical provider until they receive it. This minimizes the issue of their liability for disclosing information based on an authorization they held prior to the revocation.

Re-Disclosure: The release may state that certain information, such as HIV testing results, cannot be disclosed by the person receiving it. However, the release should also acknowledge that once other information is disclosed, it may thereafter be re-disclosed by the person receiving it without the HIPAA safeguards.

Purpose: The purpose for the disclosure should be explained. This might be limited to the minimum information necessary to determine whether you have the ability to function as a trustee or should be replaced, or only that information necessary to underwrite you for life insurance.

Signer: If you are signing the authorization, then the signature line should merely state that you are the patient. If, however, another person is signing for you, then the authorization should state that that person qualifies as your personal representative under HIPAA 45 CFR 164.502(g)(2), that they have authority to make health care decisions for you (which is required for them to be your HIPAA personal representative), and the scope of the representative’s authority. It might also be advisable to indicate the source of the person’s authority to be your personal representative. For an adult or emancipated minor this could be a health care proxy, court appointment as guardian, or a general power of attorney. Arguably it could be a trust agreement depending on the terms of the trust. Perhaps an argument could be made that it would include a shareholders’ agreement or other business document. For a minor patient, it might be the person’s position as parent or guardian. For an estate, it is the person’s position as executor.

I hereby grant my permission for release or review of the following information relating to my care from and to the parties named here.

FROM: <u>METROHEALTH</u>	TO: _____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

The purpose of this request is for.

<input type="checkbox"/> Continuity of care	<input type="checkbox"/> Legal matter	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)
<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance claim	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> At the request of the individual	

_____ Patient's Name	_____ Date of Birth
_____ Name at time of treatment	_____ Social Security Number
_____ Patient's Address	_____ Telephone Number

Date of treatment(s) _____		
This information MAY include treatment or rehabilitation for drug <i>and/or</i> alcohol abuse, psychiatric treatment, HIV Antibody		
Test (test for AIDS Virus) or AIDS and related conditions, IF they did occur. I specify that this release is to include:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Face Sheet	<input type="checkbox"/> Laboratory Report	<input type="checkbox"/> Mental Health Treatment
<input type="checkbox"/> Discharge Summary	<input type="checkbox"/> Radiological Reports	<input type="checkbox"/> Other specified here
<input type="checkbox"/> History & Physical	<input type="checkbox"/> Operative Reports	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Consultation	<input type="checkbox"/> Pathology Reports	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Room Treatment	<input type="checkbox"/> Drug / Alcohol Abuse Treatment	

I understand that the information I authorize a person or entity to receive may be re-disclosed and no longer protected by federal privacy regulations. I understand that this authorization is voluntary and that I may refuse to sign this authorization. My refusal to sign will not affect my ability to obtain treatment I understand that this authorization may be withdrawn at any time in writing (see Notice of Privacy). This authorization will be in effect for 60 days after I sign and date the form below unless I specify an earlier expiration date in this space . _____

_____ Date	_____ Signature	_____ Witness	_____ Date
<input type="checkbox"/> HCPOA	<input type="checkbox"/> Executor	<input type="checkbox"/> Guardianship forms received	

If the above signature is not that of the patient, explanation will be provided below and documentary evidence of appropriate papers shall be required to accompany this authorization.

